

Transfer Types Journal Entries

Internal transfers are used to allocate revenue and expenses from one valid ChartString to another. Many times the allocation is between departments but it can also be between initiative, segment, site, and other ChartFields.

Transfer Types	Definition	Direct/Indirect
Allocated Revenues	Allocation of revenues from one valid ChartString to another.	Direct (4 series)
Shared Expenses	More than one department share in a particular expense, but one unit pays in full and allocates a portion of that expense to another dept (e.g. shared supplies)	Direct Split (6xxxx)
Recharge Centers	Charges for services provided by an internal department for services that could have been provided by an outside vendor (e.g. print services)	Direct (4xxxx)/ (6xxxx)
Non-Recharge Internal Transfer	Charges for shared services that are not a recharge center	Indirect (7xxxx)
General Funds Transfer	Transfers of fund/retained earnings balances for covering overdrafts or other purposes	Indirect (7xxxx)
OMB Central Transfers	Funding and assessments from Central University (e.g. common cost, funding commitments)	Indirect (7xxxx)
CUMC Central Transfers	Cost and revenue sharing between CUMC departments (e.g. AimHi, FAIR)	Indirect (7xxxx)
Transfers to/from Endowments	Transfer of Endowment funds to cover Operating expenses. Transfer of Operating funds to Endowment funds e.g. Decaps (drawdown of endowment appreciation); Recaps (reinvestment of endowment income)	Transfer to/from Non- Operating (7xxxx)
Transfers to/from Plant	Use of Operating funds to cover plant expenses (e.g. build projects for a school)	Transfer to/from Non- Operating (7xxxx)
Transfers to/from Student Loans	Provide funding to create additional student loans	Transfer to/from Non- Operating (7xxxx)